

THURSDAY, April 18, 1771.]

NEW-YORK OR, GENERAL

Containing the freshest ADVICES,

(317)

THE



JOURNAL; THE ADVERTISER.

both FOREIGN and DOMESTIC

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JOHN HOLT, NEAR THE EXCHANGE.

PRICE-CURRENT, in NEW-YORK.

Wheat per Bushel	6s. 9d.	Refined per Barrel	48s. 0d.
Flour	17s. 6d.	Pork	80s. 0d.
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HIGH-WATER at NEW-YORK, and SUN'S
RISING and SETTING, till Thursday next.

Day	Age	High- Water	Rises after	H. M.	sets before	Day
THURSDAY	4	12	after 5	21	before 7	9 sat.
FRIDAY	5	1	5	20	7	
SATURDAY	6	2	5	19	7	
SUNDAY	7	3	5	17	7	
MONDAY	8	4	5	16	7	
TUESDAY	9	5	5	15	7	
WEDNESDAY	10	5	5	14	7	

Days 19 Hours 18 Min. the 18th.

The IMPARTIALIST, OF UNIVERSAL REFORMER,
NO. VI.

(To be continued occasionally.)

The Love of Gaming is the worst of Ills;
With ceaseless Storms the blacken'd Soul it fills;
Inveighs at Heav'n, neglects the Ties of Blood,
Destroys the Power and Will of doing Good;
Kills Health, pawns Honour, plunges in Disgrace,
And, what is still more dreadful—spoils the Face.

YOUNG.

The unhappy Effects of GAMING, instanced in the
melancholy Fate of Miss CHARLOTTE—
To Mr. IMPARTIALIST,

S I R,

YOUR seasonable Reflections on the pernicious
Practice of Gaming will, I doubt not, awaken
Parents to Zeal and Watchfulness against it.—
My Family, I am sure, has had Cause to curse it
as the Root of all its present Misery.—The homely
Tale of Woe may perhaps excite the Scorn of the
Gay and Voluptuous, but if it can be of any Ser-
vice in warning others from the same Calamities,
you are welcome to publish it to the World. They
who know the fond Connection of Parent, Husband,
and Child, will feel for my Distress.

After a successful Course of Business, by which I
acquired a competent Estate, I resolved to enjoy
Life: And having wedded a young Lady of Merit,
we retired to pass the Remainder of our Days in the
Tranquillity of the Country. Some Years had
elapsed, when Heaven blest our Wishes with a
Daughter. Her Infancy was the fairest Promise of
future Beauty and Excellence. Ah my Charlotte!
Memory recalls the Time when, lost in parental De-
light, I would fondle thee in my Arms, listen to
thy little Prattle, construe all thy sportive Gambols
into Beauties,—and while away the Time in pleas-
ing Schemes of thy future Happiness!—I spar'd
no Pains to give her all the Education the Country
could furnish, and found her Improvements exceed-
ed her Opportunities.—Her Beauty soon attracted a
Train of Admirers, and her Good-Sense, Modesty,
and Cheerfulness; an equal Number of Lovers; but
I soon found her Regard was fixed on one who deserv'd
it by his Accomplishments and Fervency of Affec-
tion.—Benvolio was the Son and Heir of my
Neighbour, a Man of Reputation and Property.
To all the generous Virtues of the Heart, he had
united by Education a considerable Knowledge of
Letters and the World. As the young People
were remarkably attached to each other, my
Friend, his Father, and I, had frequent Conversa-
tions together on the Subject, and entertained our-
selves with the Prospect of having our Friendship
propagated thro' a happy Train of Descendants;
and as my Charlotte was but just sixteen, we re-
solved to have them united after two Years Elapse.
—Our Pleasure at this Time, was damp'd with the
News of the Death of my Sister's Husband. My
Sister, who was a Woman of great Spirit and
Gaiety, had often requested to have my Charlotte
in Town.—She said 'twas spoiling Girls to immure
them in the Country; but my Wife and I oppos'd
it, as we could not think of parting with our be-

loved Child. But my Sister now pressed so urgent-
ly for her Company, that we could not deny her the
Favour in her Distress. In short, after much Re-
luctance between the Lovers, and many affecio-
nate Adieus, Charlotte was sent to her Aunt in
Town.—From this I date the Era of our Mis-
fortunes.—My Daughter was at first extremely
uneasy at her Absence; but after some Months,
Variety of Amusements remov'd her Discontent.
Her Aunt introduced her into the most fashionable
Company, where she found sober Conversation
exchang'd for Noise, Flattery, and Dissipation.
Her good Sense however made her disrelish the Prac-
tice; and her Affection for Benvolio (with whom
she kept up a constant Correspondence) still re-
main'd undiminish'd. But the Scene soon began
to alter. The Circle of her Acquaintance was
violently attached to Cards, and commonly spent
their Evenings in the genteel Parties, who often
endeavour'd to laugh Charlotte out of her Aversion
to Play.—What Persuasion could not do, Time
effected. She first began to tamper with, then to
approve, and at last to be eagerly attach'd to the
Practice. Her Nights were then devoted to the
Card-Table, and a thousand Falacies made use of
to elude the Notice of her Aunt. Love soon began
to languish, and Benvolio complain'd in vain of the
Diminution of her Letters. They insensibly grew
cold, and decreas'd, till a total Suspension ensued.
Fill'd with Despair and Indignation, he flew se-
cretly to Town, where he soon discover'd the fatal
Cause. He had however too much Spirit to up-
braid her for her Inconstancy. His Love still con-
tinued steadfast; and he often generously convey'd
Money to her, without her knowing from whom it
came, when he found she had been unfortunate at
Play. But, generous Man! He was soon to be
rob'd of his Hopes, and I of my Comfort!—
Among the Parties in which Charlotte was engag'd,
Capt. Ravage was distinguish'd. He had the dex-
terous Faculty of ever talking without the Expence
of Thought, and a natural Vivacity which made
Folly agreeable.—Devoid of Principle, and addict'd
to Pleasure, he resolv'd to make Charlotte his Prey.
Knowing her Fondness for Cards, he flatter'd her
Dexterity, and practis'd on her a thousand Arts to
increase her Propensity for them. When all was
clear, he suborn'd one Lurcher, a Minion to his
Pleasures, who dup'd her one Evening at Cards of
a Sum of considerable Importance. The artful
Villain treated the Matter as a Trifle; till a fair
Opportunity offering for their hellish Scheme, he
visited Charlotte when my Sister was on a Party of
Pleasure; and after apologizing, from the Urgency
and Extremity of the Cafe, requested her immedi-
ately to discharge the Debt. Surprized at the un-
expected Demand, she was speechless with Anxiety.
At this juncture, as was preconceived, Capt. Ra-
vage enter'd; and enquiring, with seeming Con-
cern, the Cause of her Emotion, was inform'd by
Lurcher. He immediately pretended Resentment,
upbraided him for his Cruelty, and said that he
would answer for Miss Charlotte's satisfying his
Demand, if he would but allow her a Moment—
Lurcher flung out of the Room, as in a violent Pas-
sion, and the Capt. in a polite Manner, begg'd to
have the Honour of being her Banker.—Con-
vuls'd with Distress, Shame, and Gratitude, what
could she do?—She fell a Victim to his villainous
Artifice. Cruel Monster! He not only ensnar'd
her Innocence, but gloried in his Atchievement, and
added Disgrace to her Misfortune. Stung with
Remorse and Despair, her Folly, her Perfidy to
Benvolio, and her Misery, rush'd in, one View on
her Mind.—The Struggle was too violent for
Nature. She wish'd for Death, and Death ap-
proach'd with hasty Strides.

Ye that know the soft Sensibilities of Parental
Love, judge of our Distress when we heard at the
same Time of her Misfortune and Danger! 'Twas
mingled Pity, Anger, and Misery complete!
We hasten'd to Town.—Benvolio attended us at
her Request—and we surrounded her Bed at the
solemn Moment when Life was just extinguishing.—

"Can you forgive me, Benvolio? Can you, my
Parents, forgive your wretched Daughter (she
cry'd), and her end will yet be happy? Let not,
my dear Father, the deserved Misery of your
Charlotte, distress your declining Days. Heaven
support my Parents; and pity me!" She sigh'd
—and pressing mine with her feeble Hands, she
calmly expir'd.—No, my hapless Daughter,
there is no Peace and Comfort left us, depriv'd of
Thee!—Why did I expose thy Innocence un-
guarded, to the Artifice of a designing World?
But 'twas not That,—Why did my cruel Sister suf-
fer my Charlotte's Innocence to be corrupted by
the insidious Arts of Gaming?—This, Mr.
Impartialist, was the Bane of her Virtue!—
Warn, then—strenuously exhort your fellow Citi-
zens, against this pernicious Poison. Amidst all
my private Misfortunes, it will be some Conso-
lation, if the exemplary Misery of my Family may
guard others from the same Ruin.

I am, Sir, your humble servant,

SIMPLEX.

* * The preceding Narrative, it is presumed,
will be a sufficient Antidote to the Poison contained
in Mr. HOYLE's Letter, as given in our last
Number; which IMPARTIALITY oblig'd us to
publish: Wherein the Word Agreement was print-
ed instead of Argument, in the Body of the Letter,
and QUEEN's instead of QUEENS in the Advertise-
ment,—among some other typographical Mistakes
occasion'd by the Novelty of the Writing.

R O M E, November 24.

THE Chevalier Charles Stuart arrived here
the 21st of this month, and had the honour
to be presented to the Sovereign Pontiff.

Warsaw, Nov. 28. It is pretended that the Jews
who have been expelled the States of Russia, owe
that disgrace to the correspondence which they
kept up with the Jews of other countries, and par-
ticularly with those dispersed in Poland among the
Confederates, and in Turkey, whom they informed
of every thing which passed in the States of the
Empress.

Smyrna, Nov. 2. The regency of this place
have refused admittance to an English ship of 70
guns, and to two frigates of the same nation, of
36 guns each, in consequence of the intrigues of
a certain European power, who hinted that these
ships were Russians under English colours, and had
on board a large number of troops; and notwith-
standing an order obtained by the English Amba-
sador from the Grand Signor, the Magistrates re-
fused to obey it, and obliged them to cast anchor
before the Castle that defends the place.

Paris, Jan. 14. We are assured, that since the
Duke de Choiseul has been at Chanteloup a letter
has arrived in characters which no body was able
to decypher, in consequence of which the Abbe
de la Ville went to Chanteloup, to ask the explica-
tion from the disgraced minister, which he gave,
that the dispatch came from the Ottoman Porte, in
which the Grand Signor communicates to the
Duke de Choiseul a new treaty of peace between
Turkey and Russia, in which England acted as
Mediatrice, asking his particular counsel in that re-
spect, as he was resolv'd not to act without his
advice, and the approbation of France; to which
he added a most flattering eulogium, the Duke de
Choiseul gave back the characters to the Abbe de
la Ville, that the King might be able to verify the
justness of the explication, and be convinced that
the praises heaped by his Sublime Highness on that
Minister were not servilely solicited.

Hamburg, (in Germany) Jan. 18. Letters
from Hanover advise, that the King of Great-
Britain has given orders to remount the artillery,
not only at Hanover, but also at Stade, Hameln,
Hardeburgh, Nienburgh, and other strong places
in the Electorate; to make new Baggage waggons,
carts, and copper pontons, to replace those that
are worn out; and moreover, to take throughout
the whole Electorate, on exact list of all the young
men able to bear arms.

Constantinople, (the Capital of Turkey) Nov. 17.
Notwithstanding the advantages which General Count Tottleben has gained over the Paehas who opposed his entrance into Armenia, he has been obliged to abandon that province without attaching the fortress of Akalsike, to which he had approached within a league. This retreat has lost the Russians all the advantages which they had obtained in those parts, during the former part of the campaign.

The plague has considerably decreased in this metropolis; the Russian fleet has absolutely left our seas, and the price of commodities has been considerably lowered since the Navigation of the Dardanelles has been opened.

Hague, Jan. 18. The Province of Friseland has just suffered a heavy loss by the burning of its Admiralty at Harlingen, with the Stores, Archives, and every Thing belonging to it.

Hague, Jan. 21. during the course of last year, 3434 protestants were baptized at Amsterdam, 7402 persons died there, and 1460 protestants were married. During the year 1779, 1579 vessels entered into the Texel.

The Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, we hear, is to be created Marquis of Bynham in Norfolk.

Two small French frigates of war, have been observed for these three weeks past, cruising in the channel from Beachy-head down as low as the deadman, to the westward of Plymouth. They are supposed to be stationed to observe what is passing at Portsmouth and Plymouth, having been several times seen quite in with the Isle of Wight, and close to the Mewstone off Plymouth Sound. This account is confirmed by several coasting vessels employed between Plymouth and the river Thames, lately arrived.

LONDON.

Jan. 13. The truth of the following circumstances is positively assured by those who pretend to be masters of the secrets of the cabinet: Ever since the conquest of the Havannah, which shewed the real internal weakness of Spain, our Ministry have always treated the Spanish Ambassador residing at our Court with attention and politeness, but never permitted either the present Ambassador, or his predecessor, to give themselves any unbecoming airs. The present Ambassador had a mind, however, to try the present Administration whether they were made of supple materials or not. In this paroxysm of Spanish haughtiness, he began with speaking in a strain a little too high to Lord Weymouth; but this truly Nobleman cut the insolent Spaniard quite short, by telling him, in plain English, "I do not understand such important language, and I desire never to hear any more such from the Spanish Ambassador." Mortified with this British answer, the Ambassador began to find himself in the wrong box, and accordingly drew in his horns. On Lord Weymouth's recede from office, and Lord Richmond being appointed to succeed him, the Spanish Ambassador again began to prick up his ears; and in a conference with this new Secretary of State, ventured upon the unlucky experiment of telling Lord Richmond that his Lordship had broke his word with him. Lord Richmond gave him a short but smart reply, telling the hot and wrong headed Ambassador, "that he was determined always to have a check upon him," and begged that he might have no more impertinence; and that he would have no farther conference with him on any subject upon any account whatsoever. In consequence of this declaration, our Ministry sent an Express to the Court of Madrid, and on Wednesday last, on the return of the courier, Prince Maferano received his letters of recall.

By letters from Gibraltar there is advice, that a vessel which put in there from Tangier in Africa, brought an account that on the 2d of December last, there was a severe shock of an earthquake felt there, which lasted two minutes and a half. That great part of the houses were thrown down, and the inhabitants buried in the ruins. The letters further say, that it was felt several leagues at sea, that it was perceived at Gibraltar, and at the time it happened the sea rose considerably.

Feb. 1. We hear that the Lord Chancellor's father is to be created an Earl, by the title of Earl of Cirencester, in the county of Gloucester.

Yesterday Edward Thurlow, Esq; kissed his Majesty's hand on being appointed Attorney-General; and Mr. De Grey as Chief Justice of the Court of Common-Pleas.

Yesterday Commissions passed the Seals for appointing the Earl of Halifax Secretary of State for the Northern Department; and the Earl of Suffolk Keeper of the Privy-Seal; and the same day they both acted in their respective offices.

This day the New Lord Chancellor, Lord Apley, took his leave of the Court of Common Pleas of which he was a Judge, and with the usual formality, ascended the Bench of the High Court of Chancery.

To-morrow the same noble Lord will preside in the House of Peers as Speaker, after taking the usual oaths, and his seat as a Peer.

We are told it was with some difficulty the E— of H— was prevailed on to resign the Privy Seal, and accept the troublesome and responsible post of Secretary of State nor did his Lordship agree to it till late on Sunday evening.

We are assured, that Port Egmont will be immediately resettled, and that in case it shall appear we had not any right, by the law of nations, to take possession of that or any part of Falkland Island, a very convenient harbour at the mouth of the Straits of Magellan, which was discovered by Capt. M'Bride, to which the Spaniards cannot pretend to have the least claim, will be fixed upon for the Establishment of an English colony.

Yesterday Alexander Wedderburne, Esq; was presented to her Majesty at St. James's, on the occasion of his being appointed Cofferer to her Majesty, and most graciously received.

It is confidently said, that the Hon. Charles James Fox, Esq; son of Lord Holland, will be appointed Vice Chamberlain to his Majesty, in the room of Lord Grantham, who is appointed Ambassador to Spain.

We hear that on Wednesday last Mr. Potter was again sent with dispatches to the court of Spain.

Sir Robert Bernard is chosen Recorder of Bedford, in the room of the late Duke of Bedford.

Feb. 8. We are well informed that the Parliament will rise early in April.

It is said with great confidence, that Mr. Wedderburne, the Solicitor General, will shortly preside as Chief in the Court of Common Pleas; and that a higher post is soon intended for the new made Chief of that court.

They write from Leghorn, that a Venetian squadron of great force is now cruising along the Mediterranean coast; for what reason is not known; though it is conjectured to be something more than observation.

It is said the present Duke of Bedford, when of age, will possess near seventy thousand pounds per ann.

The Duke of Bedford, has made the Duties of Bedford's jointure equal to 10,000l. per annum, he has also bequeathed to her Grace, all her jewels, trinkets, and paraphernalia, entirely at her own disposal; he has left her the use of Bloomsbury house, furnished as it is at present, and also Woodburn-house and park, during life. He has left his grandson, the now Duke of Bedford, 2000l. per annum, till he arrives at the age of fifteen; at the age of sixteen, 1000l. a year more, till he arrives at the age of eighteen, at which period that income is to be augmented to 6000l. per annum, which he is to receive till he comes of age. To each of his other two grandsons, has left an annuity for life of 6000l. He has left his widow forty horses. To Richard Rigby, Esq; he has left the sum of 60000l.

By the ship Lydia, Capt. Scott, arrived at Boston in 42 days from London, we have the following Advice, viz.

LONDON, February 15.

Upper House, Tuesday, Feb. 14. 1778.
THE order of the day being read for taking into consideration the papers relating to the dispute about Falkland's Island, and for the Lords to be summoned:

It was moved by the Duke of Newcastle, That an humble address be presented to his Majesty, to return to his Majesty our thanks for his gracious communication to this House of the Declaration, signed by the Ambassador of his Catholic Majesty, which his Majesty has been pleased to accept.

To offer to his Majesty our most sincere acknowledgments for having supported the honour of the crown of Great Britain, by a firm and unvaried adherence to his just demand of satisfaction for the injury received, by the violent enterprise of a garrison Falkland's Island, by which steady and uniform conduct his Majesty has obtained from the King of Spain and explicit disavowal of the expedition, together with an engagement to restore things to the precise situation in which they were before the late unjustifiable attempt:

To express our satisfaction on the prospect of the blessing of peace being secured to us, as we have no reason to doubt the good faith of his Catholic Majesty; in the performance of his engagements; and to declare our grateful sense of his Majesty's paternal care of his people, in not too hastily engaging them in the hazards and burthens of war.

To assure his Majesty of our zeal and readiness on all occasions; to exert our utmost efforts to enable his Majesty to carry into execution such measures as shall be necessary for the support of the honour and dignity of his crown.

Then the Duke of Manchester proposed an amendment to be made to the said motion, by leaving out the words from the end of the first paragraph thereof, to the end of the motion.

Which being objected to, after long debate, the

question was put thereupon. It was resolved in the negative. Contents, 38. Not Contents, 137.

Then the said Address was agreed to as at first proposed, and ordered to be presented to his Majesty by the Lords with white staves. Upon which the Lords in the minority entered a protest.

Feb. 18. His Excellency Prince de Maferano, the Spanish Ambassador here, is recalled. He is not to be replaced by any other Ambassador.

Feb. 19. Yesterday the Lords presented their address of thanks to his Majesty, on account of the late Convention with Spain; as did likewise the Commons, and were both most graciously received.

Yesterday a courier arrived at the Secretary of State's office, with an account that his Catholic Majesty absolutely refused to ratify the Convention issued by his Ambassador.

Capt. Preston, who was tried at Boston, on account of a late riot there, has been reimbursed his expenses for that prosecution.

Feb. 20. It is now reported, that the Convention was nothing more than a device of the Spaniards, that the galleons might get safe home from the South Seas.

It is certain his Grace the Duke of Richmond has refused the Viceroyship of Ireland, or any other post, on terms inconsistent with his honour and patriotic principles.

Admiral Pye is going out with a squadron, to command in the Mediterranean, in the room of Lord Howe.

Rear Admiral Montague, is likewise to command in North-America, and to supersede Commodore Gambier.

By private letters from Madrid to an eminent merchant in this city, it appears that the Spaniards are, at this moment, with all diligence and dispatch, carrying on hostile preparations, both by sea and land. In consequence of which, a blow is very speedily to be given; and Gibraltar is said to be the intended victim.—The above mentioned letters have been communicated to Lord Sandwich.

Feb. 14. Wednesday the Spanish papers, relating to the Convention, came under consideration of the lower Assembly. Lord B—p moved in substance, That an humble address be presented to his Majesty, returning him thanks for having agreed to the Convention, and for his compliance with the request of that Assembly, in laying the Spanish papers before them. Mr. D—ll moved, that all those words contained in the address, which conveyed the thanks of the Club for having signed the Convention, be left out, and then the proposed address would only thank his Majesty for having laid the papers before them, which being objected to, the debate began.—

Col B—s made a most spirited speech on the occasion, highly condemning the steps taken by the Ministry in the affair of Falkland's Island.

The debate lasted till half past three yesterday morning, when the house divided; 275 were for the address, and 157 against it.

Mr. D—ll made a most excellent speech, which held upwards of two hours, before he moved for the amendment.

The address, we hear, was read so long ago as Sunday night last by the Premier to a few of his select friends.

A letter from Jassy, dated Dec. 24, confirms the account of the Russians having taken the city of Brahilow and Boukarest; in the former of which they found 74 pieces of cannon, and were in expectation of soon extirpating the Turks from that side of the Danube.

Feb. 15. Notwithstanding the late Convention, it is the general opinion that the Year 1771 will not be a year of peace.

A Bill for punishing Mutiny and Desertion in the American Colonies has passed a great Assembly.

Feb. 16. The Hon. House of Commons did not present their Address to his Majesty Yesterday, relative to the late Convention with Spain concerning Falkland's Island, but will present the same next Monday at the levee at St James's.

Thursday the Right Hon. the Earl of Chatham was at the House of Peers, but about Nine o' Clock was carried in a Chair to his House in Pall-Mall, being so much afflicted with the Gout that he was obliged to be carried up Stairs to his Bed-chamber.

People who would cavil, and are clamorous about that Part of the Spanish Declaration, where the King of Spain makes a Reservation of a prior Claim of Right to Falkland Island, would do well to consider, that such Reservation is only mere Matter of Form, and is never likely to produce the smallest Misunderstanding between the two Crowns, especially when they recollect, or may inform themselves, that Spain never to this Hour has renounced her formal Claim of Right, either to Minorca or Gibraltar; in the Treaties subsequent to our possession of those Places.

PHILADELPHIA

Capt. Sparks, from the Death of the Honourable Esquire, one of the Privy Counsellors and Father of His Honourable the following is the Substance of the Letter from London, by the Courier, viz.

Feb. 12. The Parliament is confirmed. Saturday Night signed which it is said is ample Peace (for so it is termed), the present Administration.

Feb. 23. "On the with Spain being entirely got up from 180 to 225 131; three per Cent. 76 to 86; and all other Parliament met Yesterday declared to the House, to Falkland Island, was ther this will have a further (they being now almost was talked of) or not, I say, with certainty, the disliked, and it is believed most People, that it will

NEW-YORK

The Publication of as long as possible, in the Philadelphia Post was Sparks, who it is said March.—But the Post no ing, too late for this Paper till our next,—the is dated London February arrived at Lord Ro drid, with the King of Articles signed by the Pe to Falklands Island, and tion of Port Egmont, (n that formal Notice had b and the City of London.

It is said Capt. Sparks of Gordon was on the Po in Ballast.

Thursday the 9th Instat beth Town, PETER V STON, Esq; Merchant RICKETTS, Relief of the Esq; of that Place.

The Brig King George tioned to be cast away ne his Vessel off; without re and arrived safe at his desti

The Public are hereby inform Infant, were taken up and bro at Hackensack, Charles Lee, a Thompson Charles Lee, and N they said) and Sebastian Needh stolen from several People in t asking to change Dollars, &c. 6 to pick out the Pieces with some the Palms of their Hands. On they differed much and contras selves in their Accounts. As it Gang who have for some Time tions on the Inhabitants of New phia; it is hoped that all who put to this Kind of Collection such of their Exploits as are not gistrates. The Men are commi man dismissed, nothing appeari day went to New-York, where

The past Winter which and Pleasant, till February a Spring remarkably Cold short Intervals of Warm which has greatly retarded Grass and Vegetables. F Wind has been high at N as cold as in the Depth of V it snowed lightly for some F ther and high northerly Wi vented the usual supplies of a Scarcity of that Article, extraordinary Height of 3 and 24. for Oak Wood, the before at this Time of the Y

Custom-House, New-York Brig Success, N. Toulon, H Mc Kay, Caracas. OUTWARD Sloop Pennsylvania Farmer, W. J. Rye, Jamaica; Robert and Farnis, J. Seymour, St. Chris tian, Quebec; Susanna, G. M. J. Malitia, Africa.

Clears Brig Free Mason, J. Temple, N. Toulon. Schooner Speedwell, S. H. Harris, Virginia. Sloop-Humbird, Z

PHILADELPHIA, April 11.

Capt. Sparks, from London, brings Advice of the Death of the Honourable RICHARD PENN, Esquire, one of the Proprietors of this Province, and Father of His Honour our Governor.

The following is the Substance of several Letters from London, by the Captains Falconer and Christie, viz.

Feb. 12. The Parliament met to-day, and this Morning it is confirmed, that Lord Sandwich on Saturday Night signed the Convention with Spain, which it is said is ample; so all is Peace, and Funds rise amazingly in consequence thereof. If the Peace (for so it is termed) is approved, and can stand, the present Administration is firm as a Rock.

Feb. 23. "On the Report of our Differences with Spain being entirely settled, East-India Stock got up from 180 to 225; Bank Stock from 133 to 131; three per Cent. consolidated Annuities from 76 to 86; and all other Stocks in proportion. The Parliament met Yesterday, when Lord North declared to the House, that the Affairs, in regard to Falkland-Island, was amicably made up, whether this will have a further Effect upon the Stocks, (they being now almost as high as before the War was talked of) or not, I cannot say; but this I can say, with certainty, the Convention is generally disliked, and it is believed at the same Time, by most People, that it will not be lasting."

NEW-YORK, April 18.

The Publication of this Paper was postponed as long as possible, in Expectation of the arrival of the Philadelphia Post with the News by Captain Sparks, who it is said left England the 5th of March.—But the Post not coming in till this Morning, too late for this Paper, the News must be deferred till our next,—the principal Article of which is dated London February 23. That a Messenger was arrived at Lord Rochford's Office from Madrid, with the King of Spain's Ratification of the Articles signed by the Prince de Mañerano relative to Falklands-Island, and an Order for the Restitution of Port Egmont, (not Falkland's-Island) and that formal Notice had been sent to the Parliament and the City of London.

It is said Capt. Sparks reported that the Dutches of Gordon was on the Point of sailing for this Port, in Ballast.

Thursday the 9th Instant, was married at Elizabeth Town, PETER VAN BRUGH LIVINGSTON, Esq; Merchant of this City, to Mrs. RICKETTS, Relict of the late William Ricketts, Esq; of that Place.

The Brig King George, Capt. Finglast, mentioned to be cast away near Surinam, we hear got his Vessel off; without receiving much Damage, and arrived safe at his desired Port.

The Public are hereby informed, that on Tuesday the 9th Instant, were taken up and brought before Justice Zabrickie, at Hackensack, Charles Lee, alias Charles Thompson, alias Thompson Charles Lee, and Nicholas Brown and Wife (as they said) and Sebastian Needham on Suspicion of having stolen from several People in this Part of the Country, by asking to change Dollars, &c. for small Silver, and helping to pick out the Pieces with something glutinous or sticky on the Palms of their Hands. On being separately examined they differed much and contradicted each other and themselves in their Accounts. As it is supposed they are Part of a Gang who have for some Time past been raising Contributions on the Inhabitants of New-York, Jersey and Philadelphia; it is hoped that all who are desirous of having a Stop put to this Kind of Collections, will give Information of such of their Exploits as are not yet made known to the Magistrates. The Men are committed to Prison, and the Woman dismissed, nothing appearing against her, and on Thursday went to New-York, where she says she has a Relation.

The past Winter which was uncommonly Mild and Pleasant, till February, has been succeeded by a Spring remarkably Cold and Stormy, with very short Intervals of Warm or moderate Weather, which has greatly retarded the springing of the Grass and Vegetables. For several Days past the Wind has been high at N. W. and the Air almost as cold as in the Depth of Winter, and on Tuesday it snowed lightly for some Hours: The cold Weather and high northerly Winds (it is supposed) prevented the usual supplies of Wood, and occasioned a Scarcity of that Article, raising the Price to the extraordinary Height of 36s. per Cord for Nut, and 24s. for Oak Wood, the like hardly ever known before at this Time of the Year.

Custom-House, New-York. Inward Entries.
Brig Success, N. Toulon, Hispaniola. Sloop Polly, D. Mc Kay, Coracao.

OUTWARDS.
Sloop Pennsylvania Farmer, W. Gibbons, St. Croix; Indefatigable, J. Rye, Jamaica; Robert and Elizabeth, C. Cornwall, Halifax, Farnis, J. Seymour, St. Christopher. Schooner Sally, H. Benson, Quebec; Sufanna, G. M' Aroy, Madeira. Brig Sally J. Malibu, Africa.

CLEARED.
Brig Free Mason, J. Semple, Newry; Joseph, T. Moore, Tortola. Schooner Speedwell, S. Hays, Halifax; Sally, N. Bick, Virginia. Sloop Humbird, T. Cox, Rhode-Island; Gene-

ral Gage, E. Turrell, Coracao; Two Brothers, W. Harvill, do. Joanna, E. Hopper, Antigua; Two Brothers, J. Gooding, North-Carolina; Polly, S. Snell, South-Carolina; Charles-Town, W. Whetton, St. Martins; Sally, J. Pell, St. Croix.

MICHAEL POREE,

Surgeon Dentist, in Broad Street;

RETURNS his hearty Thanks to the Gentlemen and Ladies of this City, for the Encouragement they have given him in his Profession; and begs Leave to inform them, and others, who may need his Assistance for cleaning the Teeth, or supplying New Ones, that his Stay in this City will be but a few Weeks, when he proposes to go to Philadelphia, from whence he shall not return till October next.

76 79

Broad-Street, April 18, 1771.

SCRIVENERS OFFICE, &c.
THE separate Sums of 400, and 1000 Pounds to be lent on approved Security.—Also, a considerable Sum ready to discount good Bonds, Bills, or Notes; or to lend on Bottomry.

Mr. KNAPP assures the Public of his continued Endeavours to extend the Utility of this Office to all Ranks of People; that the general Business shall be effectually executed, with strict Integrity, and the most immediate Dispatch, on such determined low Fees, as to give the Commonalty the most easy Access:—

And when ye would approach the Hall for Justice (where the Winner is often out of Pocket) REMEMBER:

"Hard by there is a House,

Some Friendship will it lend ye;

"Gainst the Tempest."

Query! Is it not much easier for a Man in low Circumstances, or indeed any other, to pay the Fee of one Dollar, on being (by Letter) in a friendly Manner advised to discharge a small Debt, rather than subject himself to the following Bill of Costs, on the Sheriff's first agreeable salute, suppose it goes no further?

The Huxter's Shop } Retaining Fee - £. 1. 00. 00
against } Writ, &c. - 0. 7. 6
Where are ye all now } Caption Fee, - 0. 6. 0

Debt - 1. 13. 6

And who but a very great Man could say? Bid Mr. Beef and Pudding take his Letter, and wipe his Nois.

Just imported in the last Vessels from London, Bristol and Liverpool, and to be sold very reasonable for Cash or short Credit, by

HENRY VAN VLECK,

At his Store in Dock-Street.

A Large assortment of handsome calicoes, cotton and chintzes
Silk Damascuses
Turkey stripes
Silk, cotton, thread & worsted hosiery
Silk mitts
Black silk breeches patterns
Worsted do.
Mens and womens kid gloves and mitts
Black and coloured India Taffeties
Do. do. Persians
Damask and Padufoys
Lustretrings
Plain and striped muslins
Do. do. gauzes
Catgut
Cambricks and lawns
Flowered lawns
Ribbands of all colours
Black and white lace
Gimp
Dutch lace
Sewing silk of all colours
Scotch and Flemish threads
Cotton, darning and nans do.
Tapes and bobbins
Cruels in shades
Quality bindings
Mace, cinnamon and cloves
Wax necklaces
White beads
Shallons, Dürants and Tammies
Rattinets
Blue, scarlet, brown and other coloured broad cloths
Bath coatings
Plains, Forest cloths and half thickies
Basket buttons of all colours
White metal and gilt buttons
Black and other coloured horn do.
Jeans and fustians
Irish poplins
Cross barred and other handsome figured stuffs
Figured lastings
9-8 white and brown Irish sheeting
Russia sheeting

WANTED.

On, or rather before the first of May, in some convenient part of the town and in some reputable family,

BOARD and Lodgings unfurnished,

for a person and his servant, together with a lumber room and a shop, with good light and a fire place in it. Any person that can answer the conditions above mentioned and are desirous of taking Lodgers on those terms, is desired as soon as may be, to enquire of the Printer.

76 79

Monmouth County, April 5, 1771.

DOVE.

Will cover this season, at the house of the subscriber near the Court-House, at Two Guineas a mare, the season. The money to be paid before the mares are taken away.



DOVE is a fine grey, fifteen hands and an inch high, was bred by Mr. Thomas Jackson, Sen. in the North of England, was got by young Cade, his dam by Teaser, his grand dam by Sea-wing's Arabian, and out of the Gardener mare, that won six royal

plates of one hundred guineas each. He run at New-Castle upon Thyme, at four years old, on the 1st of October 1760, and distanced the Duke of Cleveland's roan filly Roxana, beat the bay colt Swift, belonging to William Swinburn, Esq; Charles Wilson's bay colt Windless, William Confort's bay colt Montreal, and Settleinton's bay filly nameless. This horse has covered in Maryland with great Reputation, his stock being remarkable not only for size, strength and speed, but for great gaiety, spirit and ease under the saddle.

There is good pasturage at half a crown per week, and proper care will be taken of the mares, by

JOHN VAN MATER.

To be SOLD.

A Small Plantation situate and be-

ing in Middletown, in the County of Monmouth, and eastern division of the province of New-Jersey; containing about 30 or 40 acres of upland, be the same more or less; also two or three acres of salt meadow, within a quarter of a mile of the aforesaid land. The said land is situate on Sandy Hook Bay, opposite the Light-House; being a place much frequented by seamen and others; therefore a ready market for all sorts of poultry and other country produce: It might likewise suit any purchaser who was inclined to keep a public-house or a small store. There is on said plantation, a good dwelling-house and an orchard, containing about 250 or 300 apple trees, also a number of other fruit trees, such as peaches, plums and cherries, and excellent water close by the door; there is also excellent fishing on said place, either with hook or net, and a great advantage in manuring said land, by the great quantity of seaweed that yearly comes on said shore. The land is naturally of a good quality and so pleasantly situated, that many gentlemen from Philadelphia and other places have much commended the same. There is also a boat to be sold that will carry (at a reasonable load) 4 cords of wood. Whoever inclines to purchase any of the aforesaid premises, may apply to William Wamsley living on the premises, by whom a good title will be given.

WILLIAM WAMSLEY.

Middletown, April the 5th, 1771.

SOME time last fall, there was

left at the house of the subscriber, a Great Coat, which the owner may have again, on describing it, and paying the charge of advertisement.

76 79

BROOK FARMER.

New-Brunswick, January 25, 1771.

THE Printing Office at the Exchange where the Thursday's New-York Journal &c. have been printed for eight Years past, will on the first of May next, be removed to the House where Mr. Samuel Loudon now lives, on Rottón-Row, where the Business will be carried on as usual; and where the Customers for the said Paper, who remove on the first of May, are desired to send for their Papers, and give Notice of the Places where they may be left after that Time.

At the Sign of the ARCH'D DIAL, by the upper End of the COFFER HOUSE BRIDGE,

ISAAC HERON,

WATCH-MAKER,

HAS an Assortment of WATCHES,

of the best, second, third, fourth, fifth, bad, and worst Sorts; some very neat, some very ugly, and others—so, for most of them in plain, and a few in engraved Gold, Silver, gilt, and flagreen'd double, and single Cases.—Some he warrants for a long Time, some for a shorter Time, and others for—no Time at all.

Also, a Variety of Lady's and Gentlemen's Watch-Chains, Seals, Keys, Papers, and sundry other Articles, which he will sell on the lowest Terms; for sell he must, if possible.

He is very grateful for the Countenance and Favour of his indulgent Friends and customers; and means to exert his best Endeavours to merit a Continuance of it.

New-York, April, 8th 1771.

TO BE SOLD,

AT PRIVATE SALE.

A Small FARM at Woodbridge Raway,

near the Landing, very commodiously situated and convenient for a store-keeper. It consists of between 40 and 50 acres of good land, and has on it a good dwelling house and cellar under it, a large store-house, a shop completed with shelves, counter, &c. Separate from the dwelling-house, a barn, chair-house, a grist-mill, with one pair of stones, a small tenement for a miller to live in, a good well and two good orchards. Any person inclining to purchase the same, for particulars may apply to Mr. Edward Edgar, at Woodbridge Raway, near the premises, or to Thomas Gallaudet, in New-York, who will give a good title for the same.

N. B. If not soon sold, part of it is to be Lett, with three rooms in the dwelling house, the cellar, shop, store-house, chair house, and the privilege of the garden: The said Thomas Gallaudet on the first of May next, will move into the house where he formerly lived, in Wall-Street, where he will carry on his former business of Peruke making; &c.

POETS' CORNER.

A beautiful Face and a Form without Fault,
Are not the Attractions by which I am taught;
Good Nature, good Sense; and an honest free Mind;
Are perfections in Woman, to which I'm inclin'd,
For a Time beauty charms, but so certain is age,
That, who for a beauty alone would engage?
Since time surely fulfils the brightest of eyes,
And a face is a flower that blossoms and dies,
Then Venus began with your poor empty joys,
Which like the false Syren allures and destroys;
Come Friendship and Sense! guide my choice of a wife,
And I'll love her and bless her all days of my life.

To be SOLD,

And Entered upon the first day of May next, (with the consent of Col Phillips) at Tuckeyhow, of Col. Phillips's Manor, in West-Chester county,

THE improvements of a small
Farm of about eighty Acres of choice Land, with a house, barn and out-house, a fine orchard of apple and Peach trees, with a quantity of fine meadow ground; it is situated on the bank of a fine river, wherein is plenty of trout and many other kinds of fish; it is about 3 miles from East Chester landing, and about the same distance from Col. Phillips's landing at the North-River. Whoever inclines to purchase said improvements, may apply to JOHN KING, Taylor, in Broad-Street near the City-Hall.

New York, April 9th 1772.

75 78

To be SOLD,

On Friday the tenth day of May next,
At PUBLIC VENDUE,
At the City of Albany, at the house of Mr. Richard Cartwright.

A Tract of land with all the buildings
and improvements thereon, in the county of Albany, called the Great Vly; being part of a lot number fifteen, in the patent of Saraghtoga, and contains one hundred and thirty acres of meadow, and three hundred and fifty acres of upland, or thereabouts, all lying together. This farm lies about twenty seven miles from Albany, between Still Water and Saraghtoga, on the public post road that leads to Canada; the quality of the land as good as almost any in the country, and the farm itself well known, having supplied the army during the last war, with great quantities of hay, and lies upon the west side of Hudson's River, a fine growing neighbourhood and a well settled part of the country; the distance from the farm to the river being no more than to admit of the before mentioned road, which is the only one that leads to Saraghtoga, Fort Miller, Fort Edward, Lake George, and so into all parts of Canada. Any person inclining to purchase the same before the day of sale, may apply to William Bayard or Joseph Rende, in New-York, or to Peter Silvester, Esq; in Albany. A good title will be given by us the subscribers,

Wm. BAYARD,
ANN VAN HORNE, } Executors
JOSEPH RENDE, } of
GARRET VAN HORNE

New-York, March 26, 1772

To be SOLD,

At PUBLIC VENDUE.
The 25th of this Instant April,
At the Merchant's Coffee-House,
Or at Private SALE any Time before,
By NICHOLAS BAYARD.

Who will make a good Title to the Purchaser.
A Large, commodious and elegant
House, (wherein Colonel Robertson, of his Majesty's 16th Regiment now lives) together with the lot of Ground whereon it stands, amply provided with all Conveniences for a large and genteel Family.

IRISH LINEN.

A Large assortment of Irish Linen,
yard wide and 7-8, to be sold on very reasonable terms, by

THOMAS LYNCH,
in Broad-Street, near the Exchange, who has for sale the following Articles:
English Sail Cloth of the first quality,
Choice Carpet,
London particular Madeira wine,
London and New-York cargo wine.

BENJAMIN SEIXAS, SADDLER,

At his shop in Broad-Street, nearly opposite to his Excellency General Gage, makes and mends all sorts of Saddles, chairs, harnesses and harnesses. Likewise has for sale, the following articles, which he will sell cheap for CASH, either wholesale or retail.

BITS and stirrups of all kinds
Curry combs and brushes
Mane do. and sponges
Hard and soft water brushes
Brass harness buckles
Steel harness and throats
Do. large and small boot garter buckles
Brass nails and ornaments for harnesses
Four horse thongs
Brass fittings for saddle bags

Tinned chain, staples and rivets for do.
Silver plated and steel spring spurs
Brass and iron padlocks
No 16, 18 and 20 straining webbs
Surcingle and girth do.
Green livery lace
Blue, green and scarlet fringes
Horse nets and chair reins
Do. whips and cowskins, &c

With a variety of other articles too tedious to specify.
N. B. Allowance will be made to those who buy to sell again.

75 78

To be SOLD by the Subscriber,

A Farm lying in Middletown,
in the county of Monmouth and Province of East New-Jersey, pleasantly situated on the Bay, that leads from Sandy-Hook to Amboy and New-York; being a neck, inclosed with one hundred and thirty pannel of fence. It contains by estimation between three and four hundred acres of upland, and as much salt meadow and sedge, as will produce four score or a hundred tons of hay per year. The land is natural to grain, viz, wheat, rye, Indian corn, &c. It is also natural to grass, a considerable part of it will mow twenty, and sometimes thirty tons has been mowed in a year, chiefly of the best sort of hay; there is thirty or forty acres of low land to clear, that will make good meadow; it has plenty of wood and timber for fencing, and wellwatered; there is on it a convenient dwelling-house, kitchen, barn and sundry out-houses. Also a saw-mill lately built, and when timber fails it is very convenient for a grist-mill, either for the country or bolting; there is on it between two and three hundred bearing apple trees; also a good assortment of peach trees and sundry other sorts of fruits: It has a great advantage of manure, such as sea-weed, sand, &c. which being experienced admits of no doubt. It is convenient for fishing, oystering and clamming. Any person inclining to purchase the same, may apply to the subscriber on the premises and be further informed.

JOHN STEVENSON.

Middletown, 4 Mo. 5th 1772.
N. B. The above farm is clear of incumbrances, to the knowledge of the subscriber.

To be SOLD.

By PHILIP LIVINGSTON,
At his store on the New-Dock, near the Ferry Stairs.

AN assortment of calicoes and
chintzes, cambricks, 7-8 and yard wide lawns, silk Romalls, Barcelona Handkerchiefs, perians, black, brown and red taffeties, peacocks, crimson damasks, check, sarinet, Men's white, black and colour'd silk stockings; double and quadruple filettas; large and small table cloths, 7-8 and 2 yard wide, yard and 2 cotton check, dowlas, cotton, thread and worsted mens and women's hose; breeches patterns, shalloon, pias and needles; sewing silk of all colours, Scotch thread, silk Damascus and Loretto; Scotch linen handkerchief silk and cotton gowns; buttons, silk and hair twist; writing paper, striped blankets, 8-4ths, 9-4th, and 10-4th rose blankets; French blankets, spotted rugs, red and imbedded serge; red and blue coating, broad clothes, frizes, fearnoughts, spotted ermine; red and blue duffels; felt hats, Sugar bakers blue paper; osanabrigs, white wash brushes, shot, barr lead, sheet lead, tin in boxes; marble squares, oyl, capers, iron wire, pewter tea pots, tankards, mugs, dishes, plates and basins; lump sugar, double and single refined sugar; clarified sugar, Jamaica sugar, New-York Rum, Geneva, brandy and cordials in cases, barrels or hogheads.

NEWARK QUARRY STONE.

WHEREAS many Persons in
New-York, who have had occasion for Newark Quarry Stone, have met with difficulty and disappointment in being supplied, not knowing where or to whom properly to apply. The public have therefore this notice; that I the subscriber, who have in my hands all the Quarries lately belonging to Samuel Medlis, deceased, and keep a number of workmen constantly employed therein, will endeavour speedily and punctually to supply all demands for such stone; and that, for the greater convenience of such Persons, who may want to be supplied, there are two boats constantly plying between Newark and New-York, the masters of which, viz. Josiah Ward and James Wheeler, may be spoken with or heard of almost every day, at Mr. Doughty's near Whitehall or at Whitehall slip; who will receive and get punctually executed all orders for such stone; or a line left at Mr. Doughty's in their absence, directed to them or me will be duly noticed; and all persons who apply as above may depend on being well served and at the usual reasonable rates.

N. B. To prevent disappointments in future, no other boats than the above mentioned will be employed in this business.
Newark, April 8th, 1772.

To all Persons interested in the Tract
or Parce of Land last herein mentioned.

WHEREAS his late Majesty King William the third, by letters patent bearing date the seventeenth day of June, in the year of our Lord, one thousand six hundred and ninety-seven, did give, grant, ratify and confirm, to Adolph Phillippe, all that certain tract of land in Dutchess County, situate, lying and being in the Highlands, on the east side of Hudson's River; beginning at a certain red cedar tree, marked on the north side of the Hill, commonly called Anthony's Nose, which is likewise the north bounds of Col. Stephanus Cortland's land, or his Manor of Cortland; and from thence bounded by the said Hudson's River, as the said river runs northerly, until it comes to the Creek, River, or run of water commonly called and known by the name of the Great Fifth Kill, to the northward, and about the said Highlands, which is likewise the southward bounds of another tract of land belonging to the said Col. Stephanus Cortland and company; and so easterly along the said Col. Cortland's line, and the south bounds of Col. Henry Beckman, until it comes twenty miles, or unto the division or partition line between our colony of Connecticut, and our said province; and easterly by the said division line, being bounded northerly and southerly by the east and west lines unto the said division line between our said colony of Connecticut, and this our province aforesaid; the whole being bounded westward by the said Hudson's River; northward by the lands of Col. Cortland, and company, and the lands of Col. Beckman; and eastward by the partition line between our colony of Connecticut, and this our province; and south-

erly by the Manor of Cortland, to the lands of said Col. Cortland, including therein a certain island called Pollepel Island. And whereas also, the said tract of land was afterwards divided and laid into lots, by the proprietor thereof; one of which said lots being lot number six, is bounded as follows, to wit, beginning at a heap of stones and a walnut bush mark'd P P on the east side, and M P on the west side, in the line of the manor of Cortland, being the south east corner of the lot number five; then north ten degrees east, nine hundred and sixty chains, to a heap of stones by a Spanish oak, mark'd M on the west, and P on the east side, on the north end of a high mountain, being the north corner of lot number five; then north eighty seven degrees east, two hundred and thirty nine chains, to a heap of stones, and white oak tree mark'd P R, on the west side of a mountain twenty chains east from John Campbell's, which is the north west corner of lot number seven; then south ten degrees west, nine hundred and seventy three chains, to a hemlock bush, mark'd P R, the fourth side the east branch of Croton River, in the line of the manor of Cortland, at the south west corner of lot number nine; then west along the line of the manor of Cortland, two hundred and thirty six chains, to the beginning; containing twenty two thousand six hundred and thirty three acres; of which said lot or parcel of land, part of the tract so patented and divided as aforesaid, I the subscriber am part owner and proprietor: Now therefore by virtue of a certain act of the lieutenant governor, council, and the general assembly of the colony of New-York, passed the 8th day of January, in the year of our Lord, 1762, entitled, "An act for the more effectual collecting of his Majesty's quit-rents in the colony of New-York, and for partition of lands in order thereto;" and also by virtue of another act of the governor, council and general assembly of the said colony, entitled, "An act to continue an act, entitled, An act for the more effectual collecting his Majesty's quit-rents in the colony of New-York, and for partition of lands in order thereto;" and also to continue one other act, entitled, "An act to explain part of an act, entitled, An act for the more effectual collecting his Majesty's quit-rents in the colony of New-York, and for partition of lands in order thereto;" passed the 31st December, 1768. I do hereby give notice, that Beverly Robinson, and Mose Kent, of Dutchess county aforesaid, Esqrs, and Thomas Helden, of Norwalk, in Connecticut. Esq; not interested in the said tract of land, lot number six, being parcel of the first above mentioned tract of land granted as aforesaid by letters patent, are appointed commissioners to make partition of the said parcel of land lot number six; and that they the said commissioners will meet on Saturday the sixteenth day of June next, at the dwelling-house of John Swin, innholder, at Peck's Kill, to proceed to the partition of the said land; and all persons interested in the said premises, are hereby required to attend then and there for that purpose, either by themselves or their attorneys. Given under my hand the fourteenth day of March, in the year of our Lord 1772.

ADOLPH PHILIPPE.

THESE are to give notice that we the
subscribers in Monmouth County, East New-Jersey; intend to petition the next General Assembly of said Province, to have the bridge (over Croswick creek at Richard Brown's mill) supported by a public charge.

SAMUEL ROGERS.
ISAAC ROGERS.
RICHARD BROWNE.

TAKEN up on Monday the first
of April, by John Easton, and Comfort Sage, both of Middletown, in Connecticut, and committed to Hartford gaol, A rolling NEGRO, calls himself Will Keal, says he is a free man and belongs to Bermudas; was lately cast away and got on shore on the East end of Long-Island; the master's name David Roberts. He is about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, a trim well set fellow, talks good English handsomely, his face rather upon the yellowish colour, a round full head, broad across the forehead and eyes, a small ear, and by the best judges of Negroes, supposed to be about 16 or 17 years of age.

PROPOSALS
For publishing (by SUBSCRIPTION)
TWO SELECT PIECES OF
CHURCH MUSIC.

AN HYMN, (by way of an ANTHEM) consisting of Solos, Duets, one Trio, and 4 Choruses; together with a PSALM Tune, adapted for any charitable Church Collection, and first design'd for the Benefit of the FREE-SCHOOL belonging to TRINITY CHURCH, in New-York, to be perform'd in the Churches at the annual Collection; the school being chiefly supported by Charity; the Words of the Hymn, by a Gentleman of King's College.

A Performance adapted for a FUNERAL, consisting of three Dirges, (or Choruses) the Words, Part of the Burial Service; Together with an Anthem, and a Psalm Tune suitable on the Solemnity of a Funeral or Interment of any Person of Note, &c. The whole never yet perform'd, being very lately set to MUSIC, by WILLIAM TUCKEY, for some Years a Professor of the Theory and Practice of VOCAL MUSIC, Vicar Choral of the Cathedral Church of Bristol, and Clerk of the Parish of St. Mary Port in said City, now Resident in New-York.

The Subscriber to pay Two Shillings at the Time of subscribing, and Two shillings more on the Delivery of the Work (New-York-Currency) which is to be neatly engrav'd on Copper Plates, and worked off on the best Paper: And when ready to be deliver'd, Notice will be inserted in the New-York, Philadelphia, and Boston Papers: The Subscribers to be at the Expence of sending their Subscriptions, and for their Books to New-York, either to Hugh Gaine, Printer, or the Proprietors, William Tuckey.

N. B. No more will be work'd off than what are subscribed for, so that none will be sold by any Bookeller but those who subscribe, who will be intitled to the usual Discount.

73 76

Samuel Bro

Have just imported in the
Brissel, and the last Velle
GOODS, which are now
at their STORE in New

BROAD CLOTHS,

Forrest, ditto.
Hunters, ditto.
Rattens,
Half-thicks,
Plains,
Stripe Linseys
White and yellow Flanne
Green and spotted Rugs,
Black, blue, and Cloth co
loured Manchester Velvet
Black Lattings,
Breeches Pieces,
Check Linen Handkerchiefs
Printed, blue, and red ditto
Silk and Linen, ditto;
Spotted Bandanoes,
Striped Damascus,
Striped Linen, ditto,
Tammies and durants,
Check and striped Camblet
Worsted Lutefrings,
Sagathes,
Ribbons, a large Assortment
Irish Linens, from 2s. 6d.
to 6d. per yard.

Dowlas,
Quadruple filettas,
Tandem ditto.
Dutch and English Osanabrig
Cambricks,
7-8, 5-4, and 6-4 flower'd
Lawns,
Striped and flower'd borders
Kestish Handkerchiefs,
Black and white plain and
flower'd Catgut,
White flower'd Silk Gause
Black and white Perfumet
Sewing Silks,
Quality and shoe Binding
Silk Ferri,
Scotch Thread,
Stitching, ditto,
Shirt Buttons,
Dark and light Calicoes and
Chintzes,
Women's and Childrens Fans,
Black and white Lace,
Black and white Hat Trim-
mings,
White and brown 5-6 Irish
Sheeting,
Russia, ditto,
Raven's Duck,
Lines and Towels,
Sprig Petties
Blue and white and red and
white Lace,
3-4, 5-4, 6-4, 8-4, and
10-4, Diaper.
Clouting, ditto,
Furniture Check,
Bed Runts,
Mens black and coloured
Worsted Hose,
Shalloon,
Black Bombaceen,
Black and coloured silk Crapes
Silveretts and Mifsonetts,
Muffs and Tippets,
Women's Satin and Persian
Hatts,
Coloured India Taffety,
Crewels of all Colours,
Marking Canvas,
Dutch Lace,
Chip Hatts,
Russia Duck,
Sealing Wax and Wafers,
Writing Paper,
Bonnet, do.
Mock Garnets,
Wax Necklaces,
Fisher's Young Man's Com-
panion,
Ratich's Dictionary,
Looking Glasses,
Pewter Dishes, Plates and
Basons.

Needles, common and White
Chapel,
Knives and Forks,
Carving ditto,
Cuttean and Penknives,
Taylors Shears,
Scissors,
Carpenters Hammers,

WHEREAS, on

3 o'Clock in the After
Southampton, on his passage
about a mile from Brook H
fell from his Schooner Friends
had on boots and trowsers, ar
dust great coat; in his pocket
supposed some money. Wh
body are desired to cause it to
be of which shall be thank
application to the widow of th
in South-Hampton:

New-York, March 26, 1772.

NEW-YORK: Printed by JOHN HOLT, at the Printing-Office near the Exchange, in Broad-Street, where all Sorts of Printing
Work is done in the neatest Manner, with Care and Expedition. Advertisements of no more Length than Breadth are inserted for
Five Shillings, four Weeks, and One Shilling for each Week after, and larger Advertisements in the same Proportion.

Samuel Broome, and Co.

Have just imported in the *America*, Captain Hervey, from Bristol, and the last Vessels from London, the following GOODS, which are now SELLING on reasonable Terms at their STORE in New-York, viz.

BROAD CLOTHS,

Forrest, ditto.
Hunters, ditto.
Rattens,
Half-thicks,
Plains,
Striped Linseys,
White and yellow Flannel,
Green and spotted Rugs,
Black, blue, and Cloth colored Manchester Velvets,
Black Laftings,
Breeches Pieces,
Check Linen Handkerchiefs,
Printed, blue, and red ditto,
Silk and Linen, ditto,
Spotted Bandanoes,
Striped Damascus,
Striped Linen, ditto,
Tammies and durans,
Check and striped Camblets,
Worsted Luteftings,
Sagathoes,
Ribbons, a large Assortment,
Irish Linens, from 2s. to 6s. and 6d. per yard.
Dowls,
Quadruple Silefias,
Tandem ditto,
Dutch and English Osnaburghs,
Cambricks,
7-8, 5-4, and 6-4 flower'd
Lawns,
Striped and flower'd bordered
Kensish Handkerchiefs,
Black and white plain and
flower'd Catgut,
White flower'd Silk Gause,
Black and white Parisnet,
Sewing Silks,
Quality and Shoe Binding,
Silk Perit,
Scotch Thread,
Stitching, ditto,
Shirt Buttons,
Dark and light Calicoes and
Chintzes,
Women's and Childrens Fans,
Black and white Lace,
Black and white Hat Trim-
mings,
White and brown 5-8 Irish
Sheeting,
Rufia, ditto,
Raven's Duck,
Lines and Towels,
Spring Petties,
Blue and white and red and
white Lace,
3-4, 5-4, 6-4, 8-4, and
10-4, Diaper,
Clouting, ditto,
Furniture Check,
Bed Bunts,
Mens black and coloured
Worsted Hosi,
Shallons,
Black Bombaseen,
Black and coloured silk Crapes,
Silveretts and Mifsonetts,
Muffs and Tippets,
Women's Satin and Peifian
Hatts,
Coloured India Taffety,
Crewels of all Colours,
Marking Canvas,
Dutch Lace,
Chip Hatts,
Rufia Duck,
Sealing Wax and Wafers,
Writing Paper,
Bonnet, do.
Mock Garnets,
Wax Necklaces,
Fisher's Young Man's Com-
panion,
Etick's Dictionary,
Looking Glasses,
Pewter Dishes, Plates and
Bafons,
Needles, common and White
Chapel,
Knives and Forks,
Carving ditto,
Cutteau and Penknives,
Taylors Shears,
Sciffars,
Carpenters Hammers,

Shoemakers ditto,
Lathing ditto, Bellowies,
Double Worm Gimblets,
Spike ditto,
Tap-bores,
Compaffes,
Brass and Iron Candlesticks,
H. and H.L. Hinges,
Table ditto,
Butt ditto, — Brass ditto
Shoe Pincers,
Shoe Pincers and Nippers,
Shoe Knives,
Thumb Latches,
Awl Blades and Hafta,
Shoe Tacks,
Double and single Spring
Chett Locks,
Cupboard ditto,
Pad ditto,
Stock ditto,
Plain Irons,
Broad and narrow Chissels,
Hand Saws,
Taylors Thimbles,
Womens steel and metal ditto
A great variety of Snuff
boxes,
Iron and Brass Harps,
Horse-whips,
Iron Screws,
A large Assortment of hand-
some Shoe and Knee
Buckles,
Brass Cocks with or without
Keys,
Brass and Steel Snuffers,
Snaffle Bridle Bits,
Ditto Bridles,
Brass Chair Mails,
Brass Handles & Escutecons,
Brass Knobs,
Warming Pans,
Temple and common Specta-
cles,
Wool Cards,
Files and Rasps,
Razors,
Fifth-hooks,
Pewter Table & Tea Spoons,
Girth Buckles,
White Setts,
Tuff Nails,
Staple Nails, plain and fil-
ver'd,
Men's and Women's Stirrup
Irons,
Saddle Cloth,
Webbing,
Iron Shovels and Spades,
Knitting Pins,
Gilt Buttons,
Brass and Gilt Sleeve But-
tons,
Half Inch, three quarter
Inch, one Inch, one and
a quarter Inch, and one
half Inch Augers,
Curry Combs,
Chopping Knives,
Curtain Rings,
Key ditto,
Marking Irons,
Knives and Forks,
6 by 8, 7 by 9, and 8 by
10, Window Glass,
qd. 6d. 8d. 10d. 12d. 20d.
and 24d. Nails,
Quart, 3 Pint, and 2 Quart
Bottles,
Ware's best Scotch Snuff,
Bristol Pipes,
Men and Boys' Felt Hatts,
Steel,
Lead,
Shot,
Sheep Shears,
Brass Pepper Boxes,
Paper and Horn Ink-pots,
Blank Books,
Buckle Brushes,
Boxes Tin,
Corks,
Dolls,
Plumers,
Aigrettes, &c. &c. &c.
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WHEREAS, on Friday last about

3 o'Clock in the Afternoon, Capt. James Foster of Southampton, on his passage from thence to New-York, about a mile from Brook Haven Harbour, unfortunately fell from his Schooner Friendship, and was drown'd. He had on boots and trowsers, and over his under clothes a duffle great coat; in his pocket he had a Watch and it is supposed some money. Whoever shall take up the said body are desired to cause it to be decently buried, the ex-
pence of which shall be thankfully repaid, on notice and application to the widow of the deceased, or the subscriber in South-Hampton.

New-York, March 26, 1771

JOHN FOSTER.

To be SOLD,
By WILLIAM WIKOFF,

On Cruger's Wharf,

CHOICE good Madeira wine in pipes
and quarter casks; a quantity of best West-India rum,
fresh Raisins in kegs, chocolate, coffee, tea, nutmegs, sugar, gin
in quarter casks, &c. &c. He also continues in the flour business
as usual.

To be SOLD.

TWO tracts of land in Middletown,
Monmouth County, East New-Jersey, one of which, ad-
joining to a good creek, contains, of upland and meadows, 160
acres, 16 of which are cleared, whereon is a good young orchard,
a good dwelling house, convenient to an excellent spring of water
and plenty of fish, clams and oysters. The rest of the tract
is woodland, containing great quantities of cord and cole
wood, and very good maple fit for turners, all handy to be got,
and there is a very good range for cattle.

The other tract, lying on the high way that leads from Middle-
town to Mount Pleasant, contains 156 acres, 10 of which are
cleared, whereon there is a dwelling house well situated for a mer-
chant or tradesman, being about two short miles from a landing,
and a mile from a grist-mill. All the rest of the tract is timber
land. Whoever inclines to purchase either, or both the said tracts
or plantations, may apply to the subscriber living near them, who
will give a good title for the same.

DANIEL HENDRICKSON.

To all Persons interested in the
several Lots or Parcels of Land herein after
mentioned.

WHEREAS his late Majesty King William the third By
Letters patent under the great seal of the province of
New-York, bearing date the second day of June, in the year
of our Lord, 1688, did give, grant, ratify, and confirm, to
Maria Van Ranfelaer, Hendrick Van Nefse, Gerrit Tuinisen,
and Jacobus Van Cortlandt, in fee simple, All that tract of
land with its appurtenances, situate, lying and being above
Albany, on both sides of a certain creek, called Hofick, be-
ginning at the bounds of Schackcock, and from thence ex-
tending to the said creek, to a certain fall called Quequick;
and from the said fall upwards along the creek, to a certain
place called Nachawickquack, being in breadth on each side
of the said creek, two English miles, that is to say, two
English miles on the one side of the said creek, and two
English miles on the other side of the said creek, the whole
breadth being four English miles, and is in length from the
bounds of Schackcock aforesaid, to the said place, called
Nachawickquack. And whereas also, the said tract of land
has since been divided and laid into lots by John R. Bleeker,
a Surveyor; eight of which several, viz. Lots number
sixteen and seventeen, fifty-eight, fifty-nine, thirty-five,
thirty-seven, forty, and thirteen, are bounded as follows,
to wit, Lots number sixteen and seventeen, lying on the west
side of Hofick River; and beginning at a mark'd white oak
tree, standing on the west bank of said river, about fifteen
chains below the lower end of the Slap Flats, and runs from
said marked tree south, seventy-nine degrees and thirty mi-
nutes, west one hundred and twenty-one chains, then south
two degrees and thirty minutes, west eighty-seven chains
and eighty links, then north seventy-nine degrees and thirty
minutes east of the said river, then down along the said river
to the place where it begun; contains one thousand
three hundred and forty-eight acres and three rods, includ-
ing the low land.

Lot number fifty-nine, lying on the west side of Hofick
river, and begins at a marked white oak tree, standing on
the bank of said river in the northeast corner of lot number
seventeen, and runs from said tree south seventy-nine de-
grees and thirty minutes, west one hundred and twenty-one
chains, then north eight degrees, west fifty chains, then
north seventy-five degrees east to the said river, then south-
erly up along the said river, to the place where it begun;
contains one thousand and one hundred and seventy-four
acres and three rods of land.

Lot number fifty-eight, lying on the west side of Hofick
River, and begins on the bank of the said river, by a
marked stump, about fifty links southerly of Jacob Ouder-
kerk's house, and runs from thence south seventy-five de-
grees, west one hundred and eighty-five chains, then north
eight degrees, west thirty-four chains, then north seventy-
five degrees east, to the said river, then southerly up along
the said river, to the place where it begun; and contains
five hundred and forty-four acres.

Lot number thirty-five, lying on the north side of Hofick Ri-
ver, below a place called Tajaglock, and begins at a marked
tree standing on the edge of a hill near the river, in the
fourth west corner of lot number twenty-seven, and runs
north sixteen degrees, east one hundred and fifty-five chains,
then south eighty-one degrees west, sixty-seven chains, then
south sixteen degrees west, two hundred and one chains
to the said river, then easterly up along the said river, to
near a run of water, where the hill comes near the river,
then along the edge of the said hill to the place where it
first begun; and contains one thousand two hundred and
forty-eight acres.

Lot number thirty-seven, lying on the north side of Ho-
fick River, and begins on the bank of the said river, by a
marked tree standing in the south west corner of lot number
thirty-six, and runs north seventeen degrees and thirty mi-
nutes, east one hundred and ninety-eight chains, then
south sixty-five degrees and thirty minutes, west twenty-one
chains, then south seventy-two degrees, west sixty-four
chains and fifty links, then south nineteen degrees west to
the river, then easterly up the said river to the place where
it first begun; and contains one thousand and five hundred
acres of land.

Lot number forty, lying on the west side of the Hofick
River, and begins at a marked tree standing on the bank of
the said river, in the south east corner of lot number forty-
one, and runs north twenty degrees, east two hundred and
ten chains, then north sixty-six degrees and thirty minutes,
east one hundred and sixteen chains, then north seventy-two
degrees, east forty-nine chains, then south twenty degrees
west to the river, then westerly down along the said river,
to the place where it first begun; and contains two thou-
sand six hundred and seventy acres of land.

Lot number thirteen beginning at Hofick Creek, at the
south west corner of lot number twenty-one, and runs
thence along the said lot number twenty-one, north seventy
seven degrees and thirty minutes, east two hundred and
twenty chains, thence south forty-seven degrees and thirty

minutes, east forty-seven chains and thirty links, to the
northernmost corner of lot number twelve, thence along said
lot number twelve, south seventy-seven degrees and thirty
minutes west two hundred chains, to Hofick Creek,
thence northerly along the same, the several courses thereof
to the place of beginning, containing nine hundred and se-
ven acres.

Of which said several lots of land, parcel of the tract of
land, so granted by letters patent as aforesaid, I the sub-
scriber am part owner and proprietor: Now therefore, by
virtue of a certain act of the lieutenant governor, the coun-
cil, and general assembly of the colony of New-York, passed
the 8th day of January, in the year of our Lord 1762, en-
titled, "An act for the more effectual collecting of his
Majesty's quit-rents in the colony of New-York, and for par-
tition of lands in order thereto;" and also by virtue of ano-
ther act of the governor, the council, and general assembly of
the said colony, entitled, "An act to continue an act en-
titled an act, for the more effectual collecting of his Majesty's
quit-rents in the colony of New-York, and for partition of
lands in order thereto;" and also to continue one other act,
entitled, "An act to explain part of an act, entitled, an
act for the more effectual collecting of his Majesty's quit-
rents in the colony of New-York, and for partition of lands
in order thereto," passed the 31st day of December, in the
year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sixty
eight, I do hereby give notice that Volcker P. Douw, and
Peter Lansing of the city of Albany, and John M'Comb of
Hofick, in the county of Albany, Esqrs. not interested in
the said lots or parcels of land, are appointed commissioners
to make partition of the said lots of land, parcel of the
above mentioned tract of land, so granted by letters patent
as aforesaid. And that they the said commissioners will meet
on Wednesday the twenty-sixth day of June next, at the
city-hall of the city of Albany, to proceed to the partition of
the said lots or parcels of land. And all persons interested
therein are hereby required to attend then and there for that
purpose, either by themselves or their attorneys. Given un-
der my hand, this 17th day of March, in the year of our
Lord 1771.

JOHN SCHUYLER, Jun.
INOCULATION,

[Under no specious Title.]

NOTwithstanding any reports to
the contrary; Doctor Rogers begs leave to acquaint
the public, that he still continues the practice of inoculation
at his hospital near Norwalk with amazing success, having
inoculated upwards of a thousand without the loss of one
single patient. He is very confident that the more sensible
part of mankind cannot, and hopes that others will not be
amused with Suttonian pretences, when it is a well known
fact that inoculation is not, nor ever was so much practised,
either in England, Scotland, or Ireland; nor with a degree of
success to be compared with that which has attended the
practice in North-America. Doctor Rogers makes use of
much less Mercury than is commonly administered, having
found by experience that with the help of some other medi-
cines, the constitution is thereby much less exposed to be in-
jured. He has inoculated upwards of three hundred patients
within the term of three months, and has had a hundred and
fifty under his care at one time. Wherefore although the
New-Englanders may thank Mr. Latham for his particular
concern for them; yet they may perhaps think that they may
possibly do without his immediate services. Doctor Rogers
is much obliged to the public for the custom he has already
been favoured with; and hopes for the continuance of their
favours of the like kind, as he still stands ready to serve
them.

Dated at Norwalk, the 20th day of March, 1771.

To be sold, and entered on the first day of May next,
THE very beautifully situated

and convenient House and Lot of Ground, at the
Head of Marthpath Creek, being the public Landing in
the Bounds of Newtown, Queen's County, on Long-Island,
belonging to William Sackett, Jun. about 7 Miles from
New-York, either by Land or Water. The House is large,
and well constructed, a large Barn and other out Houses
convenient, is well situated for a Shop or Tavern,
and has a right to the Stream, which is sufficient to
erect a Mill with one or two Pair of Stones: The said
Creek runs within 200 Yards of the House. The Lot con-
tain about 30 Acres of most excellent Land, with very
many Fruit Trees, of various Kinds: The public Road
from New-York Ferry to Newtown, leads by the Place at a
convenient Distance from the House; from which there is a
pretty Prospect of Meadows and Creeks. Oysters, Fish and
Crab plenty, in their Seasons; likewise two Lots of Wood-
Land, one of 7 Acres, within a Mile of the Dwelling House,
and another of 3 Acres, about two Miles distant; likewise
a Piece of Salt Meadow, yearly affording 6 or 7 Loads of
Hay. Any one inclining to purchase, may apply to me the
Subscriber, living upon the Premises, who will agree on
reasonable Term.

66—

Feb. 7, 1771.

WILLIAM SACKETT, Jun.

Philadelphia Feb. 26, 1771.

THE Creditors of Israel Joseph,

An absconding Debtor, some Years ago from Ryn-
beck, in Dutchess County, are desired to send in their Ac-
counts duly attested; and all Persons having any just De-
mands against the Trustees of the said absconding Debtor's
Estate, are also desired to produce their Accounts by the 10th
Day of June next, to Isaac Low, Merchant in New-York,
that all the Accounts may be adjusted, and a Dividend made
as soon as possible; a vexatious Suit in Chancery, which has
lately been decided, having hitherto prevented a Settlement
of the said Estate.

To be LET, Either one half or the whole of
A Handsome well built house,

most beautifully situated on Long-Island, opposite to
and in full view of the city of New-York. The house is
two stories high and has four rooms on a floor, with fire
places in each, (except that two of the rooms above are at
present in one large room, not yet partitioned off.)
with a good kitchen and cellar, convenient rooms for ser-
vants, and a good stable sufficient for a dozen horses. The
house may be taken either with or without a good pasture
adjoining, and a large garden plot of ground of two or three
acres, inclosed in a handsome pale fence. For further
particulars inquire of the subscriber on the premises.

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JOHN CORNELL.

